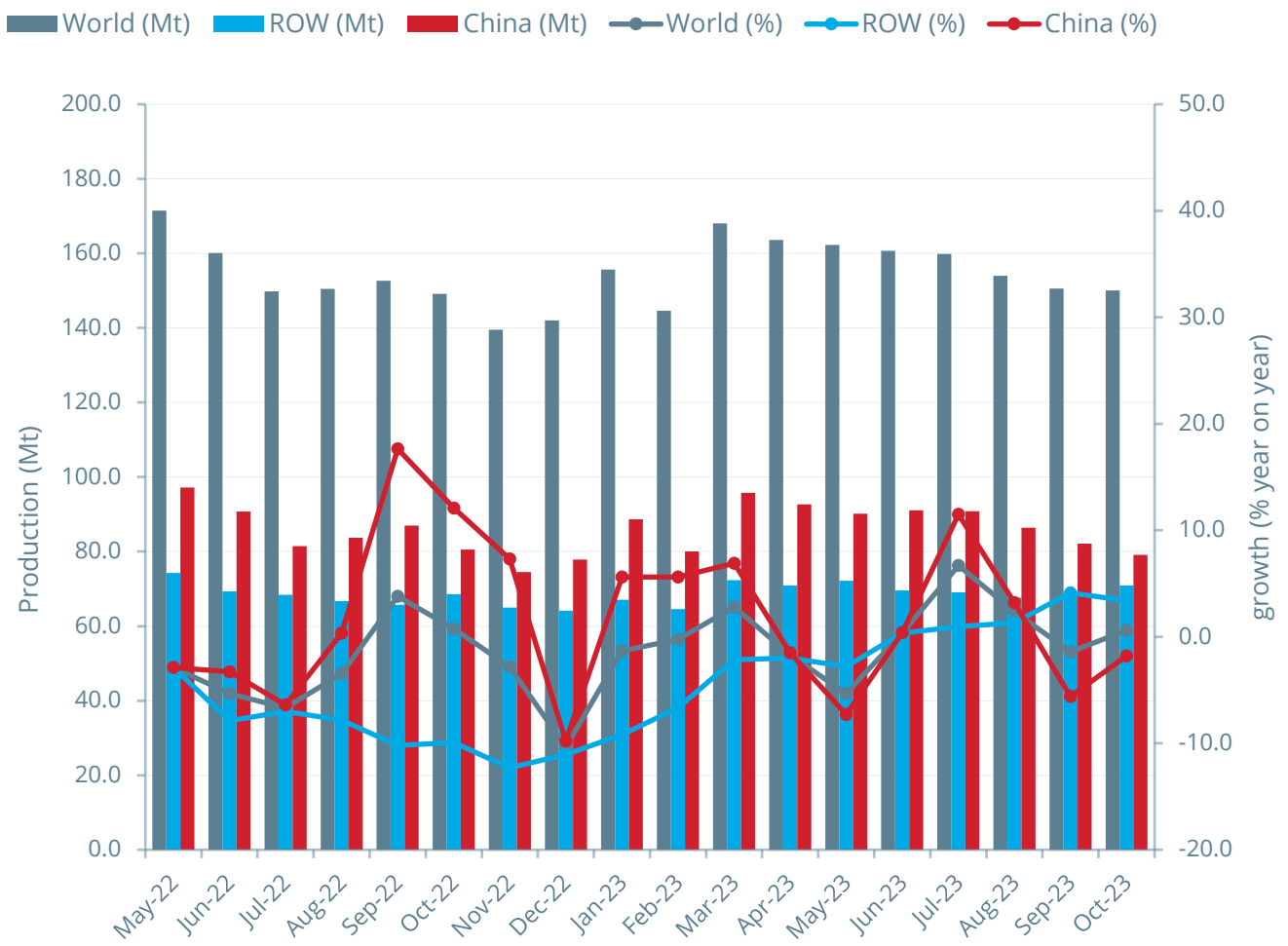


# PRESS RELEASE – October 2023 crude steel production

22 November 2023 | Brussels, Belgium

World crude steel production for the 71 countries reporting to the World Steel Association (worldsteel) was 150.0 million tonnes (Mt) in October 2023, a 0.6% increase compared to October 2022.

## Crude steel production



Source: worldsteel

## Crude steel production by region

Africa produced 1.9 Mt in October 2023, up 3.5% on October 2022. Asia and Oceania produced 108.8 Mt, up 0.8%. The EU (27) produced 10.6 Mt, down 7.1%. Europe, Other produced 3.6 Mt, down 0.2%. The Middle East produced 5.0 Mt, up 5.0%. North America produced 9.3 Mt, the same as in October 2022. Russia & other CIS + Ukraine produced 7.4 Mt, up 12.9%. South America produced 3.4 Mt, down 8.7%.

	million tonnes		million tonnes	
	October 2023	% change Oct-23/22	Jan - Oct 2023	% change Jan - Oct 23/22
Africa	1.9	3.5	18.2	4.3
Asia and Oceania	108.8	0.8	1.165.2	1.6
EU (27)	10.6	-7.1	106.8	-8.8
Europe, Other	3.6	-0.2	34.2	-8.6
Middle East	5.0	5.0	43.4	0.0
North America	9.3	0.0	91.6	-2.8
Russia & other CIS + Ukraine	7.4	12.9	73.7	3.1
South America	3.4	-8.7	34.2	-6.7
<b>Total 71 countries</b>	<b>150.0</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>1.567.3</b>	<b>0.2</b>

The 71 countries included in this table accounted for approximately 98% of total world crude steel production in 2022. Regions and countries covered by the table:

- **Africa:** Algeria\*, Egypt, Libya, Morocco\*, South Africa, Tunisia
- **Asia and Oceania:** Australia, China, India, Japan, Mongolia, New Zealand, Pakistan, South Korea, Taiwan (China), Thailand, Viet Nam
- **European Union (27):** Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czechia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden
- **Europe, Other:** Macedonia, Norway, Serbia, Türkiye, United Kingdom
- **Middle East:** Bahrain\*, Iran, Iraq\*, Jordan\*, Kuwait\*, Oman\*, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Yemen\*
- **North America:** Canada, Cuba, El Salvador, Guatemala, Mexico, United States
- **Russia & other CIS + Ukraine:** Belarus, Kazakhstan, Russia, Ukraine
- **South America:** Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru, Uruguay, Venezuela

\*- countries added in November 2023

## Top 10 steel producing countries

China produced 79.1 Mt in October 2023, down 1.8% on October 2022. India produced 12.1 Mt, up 15.1%. Japan produced 7.5 Mt, up 2.6%. The United States produced 6.8 Mt, up 3.4%. Russia is estimated to have produced 6.3 Mt, up 9.5%. South Korea produced 5.5 Mt, up 6.5%. Germany produced 2.9 Mt, down 8.8%. Türkiye produced 3.0 Mt, up 4.2%. Brazil is estimated to have produced 2.6 Mt, down 10.2%. Iran produced 3.1 Mt, up 3.5%.

Countries	million tonnes		million tonnes	
	October 2023	% change Oct-23/22	Jan - Oct 2023	% change Jan - Oct 23/22
China	79.1	-1.8	874.7	1.4
India	12.1	15.1	116.3	12.1
Japan	7.5	2.6	72.9	-3.0
United States	6.8	3.4	67.4	-0.8
Russia	6.3 e	9.5	63.5	5.3
South Korea	5.5	6.5	55.9	0.2
Germany	2.9	-8.8	30.1	-4.1
Türkiye	3.0	4.2	27.5	-8.8
Brazil	2.6 e	-10.2	26.5	-8.6
Iran	3.1	3.5	25.1	-0.1

*e - estimated. Ranking of top 10 producing countries is based on year-to-date aggregate*

#Ends#

## Notes

- The World Steel Association (worldsteel) is one of the largest and most dynamic industry associations in the world, with members in every major steel-producing country. worldsteel represents steel producers, national and regional steel industry associations, and steel research institutes. Members represent around 85% of global steel production.
- worldsteel makes a limited set of data available free of charge via the [Steel Data Viewer](#). A subscription with access to the iron and crude steel production data for all other countries is available for €1,285 via the [worldsteel bookshop](#). This subscription includes access to 20 years of data in the [Steel Statistical Yearbooks](#). Please contact [subscribers@worldsteel.org](mailto:subscribers@worldsteel.org) with any questions.
- Information on capacity can be found on the [OECD website](#).